Primes. Ianuary hath xxxi. dayes.

xiii	1	A	Circumcision of Christ.
viii	2	b	The first day, sunne riseth at 8. set-
	3	c	teth at 4.
xvi	4	d	The 8. day, sun riseth 50. minuts
iii	5	e	after 7. setteth 10. minuts after 4.
	6	f	The 16. day, sun riseth 40. minuts
xiii	7	g	after 7. setteth 20. minuts after 4.
ii	8	A	The 18. day, sun riseth 25. minuts
	9	b	after 7. setteth 35. minuts after 4.
x	10	c	
	11	d	Note, that there are 60. minuts in
xviii	12	e	the houre.
viii	13	f	
	14	g	¶ A Rule to finde the mooueable
xv	15	A	Feasts of the whole yeere.
iii	16	b	Looke in the Table for the finding
	17	c	of Easter: hauing found what day
xii	18	d	Easter falleth on, Shroue sunday is
i	19	e	the 7. Sunday before the next Wed-
	20	f	nesday after [illegible] is Ashe wednesday:
ix	21	g	and the 7. Sunday after Easter,
	22	A	Whitsunday: and the next Sunda
xvii	23	b	after Whitsunday is Trinity Sun
vi	24	c	day: & the 6. Sunday after Easter is
	25	d	Rogation Sunday, & 4. dayes after
xiiii	26	e	Rogation Sunday, is Ascension day.
iii	27	f	
	28	g	Twelfe day, Fayre at Salisbu
xi	29	A	The 24. day, the Conuers
xix	30	b	Paul, Fayres at Graues-end,
viii	31	c	Stow.

	1	a	The 2. day, sunne riseth 9. minut
	2	b	after 7. setteth 51. minuts after
xvi	3	c	The 8. day, sun riseth 58. minut
d	4	d	after 6. setteth 2. minuts after 5.
	5	e	The 16. day, sun riseth 40. minut
xiii	6	f	after 6. setteth 20. minuts after 5.
ii	7	g	The 24. day, sun riseth 20. minut
	8	A	after 6. setteth 30. minuts after 5.
e	9	b	
	10	c	The yeere hath by the course of the
viii	11	d	Sunne 12. moneths, by course of the
xii	12	e	Moone 13. moneths: of weekes 52.
	13	f	of dayes 365. and 6. houres, which
xv	14	g	every 4. yeere maketh a day more,
viii	15	A	which is the Leape yeere: And there
	16	b	is in the yeere 4386. houres.
xii	17	c	
i	18	d	The first day, at Bromley.
	19	e	The second day, being Candle-
ix	20	f	mas day, at Maidstone, at Bathe, at
	21	g	Linne, at Bicklesworth, at Land-
xvii	22	A	worth, at Reading,
vi	23	b	S. Valentine, at Feuersham.
	24	c	On Ashwednesday, at Lichfield, at
xiii	25	d	Tamworth, at Royston, at Dunsta-
iii	26	e	ble, at Exceter, at Abington, at Ci-
	27	f	ceter.
xi	28	g	The 24. day, S Matthias, at
			Henly vpon Thames, at Tewkes-
			bury, at Baldocke.

xix	1	A	The first day, sun riseth 18. minuts
viii	2	b	after 6. setteth 42. minuts after 5.
	3	c	The 10. day, sun riseth at 6. set-
xvi	4	d	teth at 6.
v	5	e	The 17. day, sun riseth 47. minuts
	6	f	after 5. setteth 13. minuts after 5.
	7	g	The 24. day, sun riseth 30 minuts
xiii	8	A	after 5. setteth 30. minuts after 6.
ii	9	b	
	10	c	The 12. day, at Stamford, at
x	11	d	Sudbury.
	12	e	The 13. day, at Rye, at the Mount,
xviii	13	f	at Bodmin in Cornwall.
viii	14	g	The 5. Sunday in Lent, at Grant-
	15	A	ham, at Salisbury, at Hereford.
xv	16	b	The Sunday before the Annunti-
viii	17	c	ation of Mary, at Wisbich, at Ken-
	18	d	dale, at Denbigh in Wales.
xii	19	e	On Violent Sunday, at Saffron
i	20	f	Walden in Essex, at Durham.
	21	g	On Palm-sunday eue, at Pomfret
ix	22	A	On Palm-sunday, at Worcester.
	23	b	The 20. day, at Durham.
xviii	24	c	
vi	25	d	The 25. day, being the Annuntiati-
	26	e	on of our Lady, at Northampton, at
xviii	27	f	Malden, at great Chart, at Newt-
iii	28	g	tasle.
	29	A	Generally, all the Lady-dayes,
	30	b	Fayres at Huntingdon.
	31	c	

Prime.			April hath xxx. dayes.
viii	1	g	The first day, sun riseth 9. minuts
xb	2	A	after 5. setteth 41. minuts after 6.
v	3	b	The 8. day, sunne riseth 6. minuts
	4	c	after 5. setteth 54. minuts after 9.
xiii	5	d	The 16. day, sun riseth 51. minuts
ii	6	e	after 4. setteth 9. minuts after 7.
	7	f	The 24. day, sun riseth 38. minuts
	8	g	after 4. setteth 12. minuts after 7.
x	9	A	
xviii	10	b	
viii	11	c	The 5. day, at Malingford.
	12	d	The 7. day, at Darby.
xv	13	e	The 9. day, at Bickellworth, at
iiii	14	f	Bilkingworth.
	15	g	The Munday next after, at Eue-
xii	16	A	sham in Worcestershire.
i	17	b	Tuesday in Easter Weeke, at
	18	c	Northfleet, at Rochford, at Hitchin.
ix	19	d	
	20	e	The third Sunday after Easter, at
xvii	21	f	Louth.
vi	22	g	The 23. day, being S. Georges
	23	A	day, at Charing, at Ipswich, at Ta-
xiiii	24	b	worth, at Amptil, at Hinningham, at
iii	25	c	Gilford, at S. Pombes in Cornwal.
xi	26	d	The 25. day, being S. Marke the
	27	e	Euangelists day, at Darby, at Don-
	28	f	mow in Essex.
xix	29	g	The 26. day, at Tenterden in
viii	30	A	Kent.

Prime.			May hath xxxi. dayes.
	1	b	The first day, sun riseth 16. minuts
vi	2	c	after 4. setteth 34. minuts after 7.
v	3	d	The 8. day, sun riseth 26. minuts
	4	e	after 4. setteth 44. minuts after 7.
xiii	5	f	The 16. day, sun riseth 6. minuts
ii	6	g	after 4. setteth 54. minuts after 7.
	7	A	The 24. day, sun riseth at 4. set-
x	8	b	teth at 8.
	9	c	
xviii	10	d	The first day, being Philip & Jacob,
viii	11	e	at Leicester, at Reading, at Maid-
	12	f	ston in Kent, at Chensforth in Essex.
xv	13	g	The 7 day, at Beuerley, at Oxford.
iiii	14	A	On Ascension day, at Newcastle, at
	15	b	Perne, at Bremicham, at S. Edes,
xii	16	c	at Bishop Stratford.
i	17	d	On Whitsunday, at Riehill: Euery
	18	e	Wednesday fortnight at Kingston
ix	19	f	vpon Thames.
	20	g	Monday in Whitson wecke, at Da-
xvii	21	A	rington, at Exceter, at Bradford, at
vi	22	b	Riegate, at Waningtree in Essex.
	23	c	Tuesday in Whitson weeke, at
xiiii	24	d	Lewes, at Rochford, at Canterbury.
iii	25	e	On Trinity Sunday, at Kendale
xi	26	f	in Westmerland, at Rowell.
	27	g	On Trinity Munday, at Watford.
xix	28	A	On Corpus Christi day, at Orw-
viii	29	b	bury, at Couentry, at S. Edes.
	30	c	The 19. day, at Rochester, at Dun-
	31	d	stable. The 29. at Cranbrooke.

b	1	e	The first day, sun riseth 45. minuts
	2	f	after 3. setteth 6. minuts after 8.
xiii	3	g	The 11. day, sun riseth 15. minuts
	4	A	after 3. setteth 15. minuts after 8.
ii	5	b	The 16. day, sun riseth 50. minuts
	6	c	after 3. setteth 10. minuts after 8.
x	7	d	The 24. day, sun riseth 54. minuts
xviii	8	e	after 3. setteth 6. minuts after 8.
vii	9	f	The 11. day, the longest day.
	10	g	The 9. day, at Maidstone in Kent.
xv	11	A	The 11. day, at Okingham.
iiii	12	b	The 23. yay, at Shrowesbury, at
	13	c	S. Albones.
xii	14	d	The 24. day, being Midsomer day,
i	15	e	at S. Annes, at Wakefield, at Col-
	16	f	chester, at Croyden, at Bedford, at
ix	17	g	Reading, at Barnwell beside Cam-
	18	A	bridge, at Wolnerhampton at Cran-
xvii	19	b	brooke in Kent, at Lincolne, at Glo-
vi	20	c	cester at Peterborow, at Winsore, at
	21	d	Harslowe in Suffolke, at Lancaster,
xiiii	22	e	at Westchester, at Yalikar, at Ash-
iii	23	f	burne in Darbyshire.
	24	g	The 20. day, being S. Peters day,
xi	25	A	at Woodhurst, at Marleborowe, at
	26	b	Hollesworth, at Wolnerhampton, at
xix	27	c	Peterfield, at Lemster, at Sudbury
	28	d	in Suffolk, at Gargronge, at Bram-
viii	29	e	ley in Lancashire, or lower Knotf-
vi	30	f	ford in Cheshire.

b	1	g	The first day, sun riseth 58. minuts
	2	A	after 3.. setteth 2. minuts after 8.
xiii	3	b	The 8. day, sunne riseth 2. minuts
ii	4	c	after 4. setteth 58. minuts after 7.
x	5	d	The 16. day, sun riseth 61. minuts
	6	e	after 4. setteth 44. minuts after 7.
xviii	7	f	The 24. day, sun riseth 30. minuts
vii	8	g	after 4. setteth 30. minuts after 7.
	9	A	
	10	b	
xv	11	c	The 15. day, at Pinchbacke.
iiii	12	d	The 17. day, at Winchcombe.
	13	e	The 20. day, at Arbridge.
xii	14	f	The 22. day, at Marleborow, at
i	15	g	Winchester, at Colchester, at Tenx-
ix	16	A	bury, at Bridgenorth, at Battlefield
	17	b	by Shrewsbury, at Bickleswoth.
	18	c	The 25. day, being S. James the
xvi	19	d	Apostles day, at S. James nigh
vi	20	e	London, at Douer, at Bristow, at
	21	f	Chilham, at Ipswich, at Darby, at
xiiii	22	g	Northampton, at Dudley in Staf-
iii	23	A	fordshire, at Reading, at Louth, at
	24	b	Malmesbury, at Bromeley, at Ches-
xi	25	c	ter, at Lynerpoole in Lancashire, at
xix	26	d	Aldergame in Cheshire, at Rauen-
viii	27	e	glasse in the North.
	28	f	The 27. day, at Canterbury, at
xvi.	29	g	Horsham, at Richmond in ỳ North,
	30	A	at Warington in Lancashire, at
b	31	b	Chappell Frith in Darbyshire.

Prime.			August hath xxxi. dayes.
xii	1	c	The first day, sun riseth 40. minuts
ii	2	d	after 4. setteth 29. minuts after 7.
	3	e	The 8. day, sun riseth 51. minuts
x	4	f	after 4. setteth 9. minuts after 7.
xviii	5	g	The 16. day, sun riseth 6. minuts
Vi	6	A	after 5. setteth 45. minuts after 6.
	7	b	The 24. day, sun riseth 30. minuts
	8	c	after 5. setteth 30. minuts after 6.
xv	9	d	
iiii	10	e	The first day of August, being Lam-
	11	f	mas day, at Fenersham, at Exceter,
xii	12	g	at Dunstable, at S. Edes, at Bed-
i	13	A	ford, at Yorke, at Rumney.
	14	b	The 10. day, at Walthã, at Black-
ix	15	c	amore, at Hungerford, at Bedford, at
	16	d	Stroides, at Farnam, at S. Law-
xviii	17	e	rence by Bodmin, at Walton, at
	18	f	Croyly in Lancashire, at Sedbell in
vi	19	g	Yorkshire, at Frodesham in Ches-
	20	A	shire, at new Brainford.
xiiii	21	b	The 15. day, at Donmow in Essex,
iii	22	c	at Carlile, at Preston in Lancashire,
	23	d	at Wakefield both the Lady dayes.
xi	24	e	The 24. day, being Bartholomew
xv	25	f	ỳ Apostles day, at Londõ, at Tewk-
viii	26	g	bury, at Beggers bush beside Rye, at
	27	A	Sudbury, at Norwich, at Northa-
xvi	28	b	lertõ, at Doner, at Rye, at Nantwich
v	29	c	in Cheshire, at Pagets in Bromly.
	30	d	The 27. day, at Ashford.
xiii	31	e	The 29. day, at Watford.

Prime.			September hath xxx. dayes.
ii	1	f	The first day, sun riseth 36. minuts
	2	g	after 5. setteth 24. minuts after 6.
x	3	A	The 8. day, sun riseth 49. minuts
xviii	4	b	after 5. setteth 11. minuts after 6.
vii	5	c	The 13. day, sun riseth at 6. sets at 6.
	6	d	The 24. day, sun riseth 23. minuts
	7	e	after 6. setteth 37. minuts after 5.
xv	8	f	
iiii	9	g	The first day, at S. Gyles in ỳ Bush.
	10	A	The 8. day, being ỳ Nativity of Ma-
xii	11	b	ry, at Wakefield, at Sturbridge, at
i	12	c	Southwark nigh Lõdõ, at Recolver.
ix	13	d	The 14. day, at Richmond in Yorke-
	14	e	shire, at Waltam Abbey, at Walten
	15	f	vnder hedge, at Chesterfield in Dar-
xviii	16	g	byshire, at Smalding, at Denbigh
vi	17	A	in Wales.
	18	b	The 21. day, being S. Mathewes
xii	19	c	day, at Marleborow, at Bedford, at
xi	20	d	Croydon, at Holden in Holdernes,
	21	e	at S. Edmonds Bury, at Walton,
xi	22	f	at Baldock, at S. Jues, at Shrews-
	23	g	bury, at Lenham, at Sittingborne,
xii	24	A	at Braintree, at Katherine hil beside
viii	25	b	Gilford, at new Brainford, at Do-
	26	c	uer, at Wendouer.
xvi	27	d	The 29. day, being Michael the
v	28	e	Archangels day, at Westchester, at
viii	29	f	Lancaster, at Waldẽ an Horse fayre,
i	30	g	at May hill, at Leycester, at New-
			bury, at Basingstoke.

	1	A	The first day, sun riseth 36. minuts
x	2	b	after 6. setteth 24. minuts after 5.
	3	c	The 8. day, sun riseth 46. minuts
viii	4	d	after 6. setteth 13. minuts after 5.
vii	5	e	The 16. day, sun riseth 3. minuts
xv	6	f	after 7. setteth 13. minuts after 4.
	7	g	The 24. day, sun riseth 19. minuts
iiii	8	A	after 7. setteth 41. minuts after 4.
	9	b	
xii	10	c	The 6. day, at Saint Faithes, be-
i	11	d	side Norwich, and at Maidstone.
	12	e	The 8. day, at Hartford, at Harbo-
ix	13	f	row, at Bishop Stratford.
	14	g	The 13. day, at Graues end, at Ain-
xvii	15	A	sor, at Marlfield, at Colchester.
	16	b	The 18. day, being S. Luke Euan-
vi	17	c	gelists day, at Ely, at Bridgenorth,
	18	d	at Stanton, at Charing, at Bur-
xiiii	19	e	then vpon Trent, at Frisewides in
ii	20	f	Oxford.
	21	g	The 21. day, at Saffron Walden,
xi	22	A	at New-market, at Hartford, at Ci-
	23	b	cester, and at Stokilley.
xix	24	c	The 23. day, at Preston, at Rich-
viii	25	d	dale in Lancashire, at Bickelsworth,
	26	e	at lower Knotsforth in Cheshire, at
xvi	27	f	Whitchurch in Shropshire.
v	28	g	Simon and Jude.
	29	A	The 31. day, being All Saints E-
xii	30	b	uen, at Wakefield in Yorkshire, at
ii	31	c	Raythen in Wales.

Godly Exercises of Prayer,

to be vsed Morning and Euening

of euery House-holder in their
Houses, or of any other
priuately.

Morning Prayer.

ALmightie God and most mercifull Father, we doe not present our selues here before thy Maiestie, trusting in our owne merites or worthinesse, but in thy manifold mercies, which hast promised to heare our prayers and graunt our requests, which we shal make to thee in the name of thy beloued sonne Iesus Christ our Lord: Therefore we beseech thee, most mercifull Father, to turne thy louing countenance towards vs, & impute not vnto vs our manifold sinnes and offences, whereby we iustly deserue thy wrath & sharpe punishment, but rather receiue vs to thy mercie for Iesus Christs sake, accepting his death and passion as a full recompence for all our offences, in whom onely thou art pleased, and through whom thou canst not be offended with vs. And seeing that of thy great mercies we haue quietly passed this night, graunt (O heauenly Father) that we may bestow this day

wholly in thy seruice, so that all our thoughts, wordes, and deedes may redound to the glory of thy name. And because thou hast commaunded vs to pray one for another, we here (O Lord) with most humble mind crane of thy diuine Maiestie, to be mercifull vnto the vniuersall Church of thy Sonne Christ: & specially, according to our bounden dutie, beseech thee for his sake to blesse, saue, & defend the principall member thereof, thy seruant, our most dread Soueraigne Lord, King Charles: encrease in his royall heart true faith, godly zeale, and loue of the same, and grant him victory ouer all his enemies, a long, prosperous, and honorable life vpon earth, a blessed end, and life euerlasting.

Moreouer (O Lord) graunt vnto his Maiesties most honorable Councellors, & euery other member of this thy Church of England, that they and we, in our seuerall callings, may truly and godlily serue thee. Plant in our hearts true feare, & honour of thy name, obedience to our Prince, & loue to our neighbors. Encrease in vs true faith and religion, replenish our mindes with all goodnesse, and of thy great mercy keepe vs in the same till the end of our liues: Giue vnto vs a godly zeale in prayer, true humilitie in prosperitie, perfect patience in aduersitie, and continuall ioy in the holy Ghost.

Graunt vs, deare Father, these our requests, and all other things necessary for vs & thy holy Church, according to thy promise in Christ Iesus our Lord: In whose name we beseech thee, as he hath taught vs, saying, Our Father which art in heauen, &c.

Euening

Euening Prayer.

O Lord God, Father euerlasting, and full of pitie, we acknowledge and confesse, that we be not worthy to lift vp our eyes to heauen, much lesse to present our selues before thy Maiesty, with confidence that thou wilt heare our prayers, and grant our requests, if we consider our owne deseruings: for our consciences do accuse vs, & our sinnes witnesse against vs, and we know thou art an vpright Iudge, which doest not iustifie the sinners and wicked men, but punishest the faults of all such as transgresse thy commandements. Yet most mercifull Father, since it hath pleased thee to command vs to call on thee in all our troubles & aduersities, promising euen then to helpe vs, when we feele our selues (as it were) swallowed vp of death & desperation: We vtterly renounce all worldly cõfidence, and flye to thy soueraigne bountie, as our only stay and refuge, beseeching thee not to call to remembrance our manifold sinnes & wickednes, whereby we continually prouoke thy wrath and indignation against vs; neyther our negligence & vnkindnesse, which haue neyther worthily esteemed, nor in all our liues sufficiently expressed the sweet comfort of thy Gospell reuealed vnto vs: But rather to accept the obedience and death of thy sonne Iesus Christ, who by offering vp his Body in Sacrifice once for all, hath made a sufficient recompence for all our sinnes. Haue mercie therefore vpon vs, O Lord, and forgiue vs our offences: and for these & whatsoeuer else, let vs pray as he hath taught vs, saying, Our Father, &c.

A briefe and neceſſarie Table for ſuch as buy any kinde of Morchandiſe or Commodities by the hundreth, to retaile by the pound, which vnto ſome (not very expert in reckoning) may be a good help. As this, a q. the pound, maketh ii.s. iiii.d. the hundreth, at fiue ſcore and xii.li. the hundreth, and ſo of any other ſum, as followeth in this Table.

Money by the pound.		Money by the hundreth, at C.xii.	
a q.		ii.s.iiii.d.	
a ob.		iiii.s.viii.d.	
a ob.q.	the pound maketh	vi.s.	the hundreth.
i.d.		ix.s.iiii.d.	
i.d.q.		xi.s.viii.d.	
i.d.ob.		xiii.s.	
i.d.ob.q.		xvi.s.iiii.d.	
ii.d.		xviii.s.viii.d.	
ii.d.q.	the pound maketh	i.li. i.s.	the hundreth.
ii.d.ob.		i.li.iii.s.viii.d.	
ii.d.ob.q.		i.li.v.s.viii.d.	
iii.d.		i.li.viii.s.	
iii.d.q.		i.li.x.s.iiii.d.	
iii.d.ob.	the pound maketh	i.li.xii.s.viii.d.	the hundreth.
iii.d.ob.q.		i.li.xv.s.	
iiii.d.		i.li.xvi.s.iiii.d.	
iiii.d.q.		i.li.xix.s.viii.d.	
iiii.d.ob.		ii.li. ii.s.	
iiii.d.ob.q.		ii.li.iiii.s.iiii.d.	
v.d.		ii.li. vi.s. viii.d.	
v.d.q.		ii.li. v.s.	
v.d.ob.	the pound maketh	ii.li.xi.s. iiii.d.	the hundreth.
v.d.ob.q.		ii.li.xiii.s.viii.d	
vi.d.		ii.li. xvi.s.	
vi.d.q.		ii.li.xviii.s. iiii.d.	
vi.d.ob.		iii.li. viii.d.	
vi.d.ob.q.		iii.li. iii.s	
vii.d.	the pound maketh	iii.li. v.s. iiii.d.	the hundreth.
vii.d.q.		iii.li.viii.s.viii.d.	
vii.d.ob.		iii.li. x.s.	
vii.d.ob.q.		iii.li. xii.s. iiii.d.	
viii.d.		iii.li.xiiii.s.viii.d.	
viii.d.q.		iii.li. xviii.s.	
viii.d.ob.		iii.li.xix.s. iiii.d.	
viii.d.ob.q.		iiii.li. i.s. viii.d.	
ix.d.		iiii.li. iii.s.	
ix.d.q.	the pound maketh	iiii.li.vi.s. iiii.d.	the hundreth.
ix.d.ob.		iiii.li.viii.s.viii.d.	
ix.d.ob.q.		iiii.li.xi.s.	
x.d.		iiii.li.xiii.s.iiii.d.	
x.d.q.		iiii.li.xv.s.viii.d.	
x.d.ob.		iiii.li.xviii.s.	
x.d.ob.q.	the pound maketh	v.li. iiii.d.	the hundreth.
xi.d.		v.li.ii.s.viii.d.	
xi.d.q.		v.li.v.s.	
xi.d.ob.		v.li.viii.s. iiii.d.	
xi.d.ob.q.		v.li.xi.s.viii.d.	

xii.d.	the pound maketh	v.li.xii.s.	the hundreth.
xii.d.q.		v.li.xiii.s.iiii.d.	
xii.d.ob.		v.li.xvi.s.viii.d.	
xii.d.ob.q.		v.li.xix.s.	

And for to reckon any thing at fiue score the hundreth, this Table may serue, onely rebating the xii. in pounds and money, as a q. the pound at six score the hundreth maketh ii.s. i.d. the hundreth, and so of any other. And if you will, you may make this Table serue for any greater prises then is here set downe, as xvi.d. the pound, what it is the hundreth: looke in the Table for xii. d. the pound, which is v. li. xii. s. the hundreth, adde to that iiii. d. the pound, which in the Table makes i. li. xviii. s. iiii.s. the hundreth, adde both together, and it maketh viii.li. ix.s. iiii.d. the hundreth.

A description of Weights and Measures.

TWentie foure Barley cornes drie, and taken out of the middest of the eare, doth made a penny weight, six. of those penny weights make an ounce, and xii. of those ounces make a pound of Troy weight, or a Pint of measure, ii. pounds or ii. Pints make a Quart, viii. pounds or Pints make a Gallon, ii. Gallons or xvi. Pints make a Pecke, viii. Gallons or xliiii. pound maketh a Bushell, ii. Bushels maketh a Strike, iiii. Bushels a Cowme: Ralcor or Cornocke lxxx. Bushels, which is lxiiii. Gallons, or v. C. xii. pound, maketh a Quarter or Seame of Corne. Also the Firkin containeth viii. Gallons, which is lxiii. pounds or Pints, and iiii. Firkins or xxxii. Gallons make the Barrell (but the Beere measure containeth iiii. Gallons more in the Barrell then any other Vessell:) and of Wine measure, the Rondle must containe xvi. Gallons & a halfe, the Barrell xxxii. Gallons and a halfe, the Tearce xii. Gallons, and the Hogshead lxiiii. Gallons, the Ponchion or Tertian lxxxiii. Gallons, the Pipe i. C. xxvi. Gallons, the Tun ii. C. xxv. Gallons, the Malmesey Butt i. C. xxvi. Gallons, which measure is according to the Statute. The Haberdupoyse is a weight not allowable by Statute (of whence th'originall came is not certainly knowne) which weight containeth xvi. ounces to the pound, which xvi. ounces are lighter then the Troy xvi. ounces, i. ounce & almost iii. quarters, & yet is sold by it Lead, Hemp, Flax, with all other kind of merchandise, & vnto euery C. is allowed xii. li. weight, by the common Beame: also the Weigh of Cheese must containe xxxii. Cloues, reckoning to euery Cloue viii. li. which is ii. C. lvi. li. to the Weigh. Also Wool is sold by the Stone, euery Stone must containe xiiii. li. xxvi. Stone to the Sack, according to the Statute. Beefe is sold by the score, but most commonly by the Stone, the Stone containing viii. li. and all other commodities of tale are sold by the hundreth, hauing v. score to the C. except Cattell & Fish, which is sold for vi. score to the hundreth.

¶ Measure of length.

As iii. Barley cornes, measured from end to end, make an ynch, xii. ynches a foot, iii. foot a yard, v. yards and a halfe a rodde, pole, or pearch, xl. rodde

in length, and iiii. in breadth, containeth an Acre of land, and xl. rods in length (only) maketh a furlong. viii. furlongs maketh an English myle, which is 1740. yards, or 5280. foot, or 63340. ynches, and of Barly cornes 19080. measured from end to end maketh the measure of an English myle: and some reckon the myle to be 1060. paces, but it must be 1017. paces of our measure, reckoning 5. feete to the pace: And a step is 2. foot and a halfe, a fadome 7. feete, & an English ell is 3. foot 9. ynches. Which measures differ from that of other countries, which haue a Rule of Geometricall measure, as 4. Barly cornes in thicknesse make a finger of measure, 4. fingers a hand, 4. of those hands in breadth a foot, 5. of those feet a Geometricall pace, and 125. paces a furlong: 8. furlongs, or 1000. paces, 5. feete to a pace, maketh an Italian myle, and 3000. paces a League, and 4000. paces a common Dutch myle, and 5000. paces a Germaine or great Dutch myle.

A briefe Rule for Wages, or expences by day, what it amounteth to in the yeere.

A Penny a day, is one pound, one halfe pound, one groat, one penny, which in the yeere is thirtie shillings and fiue pence, and so of any other: as twelue pence a day, is twelue pounds, twelue halfe pounds, twelue groats, twelue pence, which in the yeere is twentie eight pounds, fiue shillings.

A new

A new Dyall.

1 One God, One Baptisme, and One Fayth,
One Truth there is, the Scripture sayth.

2 Two Testaments (the Old and New)
Wee doe acknowledge to be true.

3 Three Persons are in Trinitie,
Which make One God in Vnitie.

4 Foure sweet Euangelists there are,
Christs birth, life, death, which doe declare.

5 Fiue Sences (like fiue Kings) maintaine
In euery Man a seuerall Reigne.

6 Six dayes to labour, is not wrong,
For God himselfe did worke so long.

7 Seuen Liberall Arts hath God sent downe,
With Diuine skil Mans Soule to crowne.

8 Eight in Noahs Arke aliue were found,
When (in a word) the World lay drowned.

9 Nine Muses (like the heauens nine Spheares)
With sacred Tunes intice our Eares.

10 Ten Statutes God to Moyses gaue,
Which kept or broke, doe spill or saue.

11 Eleuen with Christ in Heauen doe dwell,
The Twelfth for euer burnes in Hell.

12 Twelue are attending on Gods Sonne,
Twelue make our Creede. The Dyall's done.

Count One the first houre of thy Birth,
The houres that follow, leade to Earth:
Count Twelue thy dolefull-striking Knell,
And then thy Dyall shall goe well.

The high way from any notable Towne in England to the Citie of London, newly collected and set forth in a more large and better manner then heretofore hath bin.

¶ From Barwicke to Yorke.

From Barwicke to Belford xii.myle
from Belford to Anwicke xii.myle
from Anwicke to Morpit xii.myle
from Morpit to Newcastle xii.myle
from Newcastle to Durham xii.myle
from Durham to Darington xiiii.myle
from Darington to Northalerton x.myle
from Northalerton to Topclyfe vii.myle
from Topclyfe to Yorke xvi.myls

¶ From Yorke to London.

From Yorke to Tadcaster viii.myle
from Tadcaster to Wentbridge xii.myle
from Wentbridge to Dancaster vii.myle
from Dancaster to Turforde xviii.myle
from Turforde to Newarke x.myle
from Newarke to Grantham x.myle
from Grantham to Stamford xvi.myle
from Stamford to Stilton xii.myle
from Stilton to Huntington ix.myle
from Huntington to Royston xv.myle
from Royston to Ware viii.myle
from Ware to Waltham viii.myle
from Waltham to London xii.myle

¶ From Cokermouth to Lancaster, and so to London.

From Cokermouth to Kyslwick vi.myle from

from Kyslwick to Grocener xiii.myle
from Grocener to Kendale xiiii.myle
from Kendale to Burton vii.myle
from Burton to Lancaster viii.myle
from Lancaster to Preston xx.myle
from Preston to Wygan xiiii.myle
from Wygan to Warington xii.myle
from Warington to Newcastle xx.myle
from Newcastle to Lychfield xx.myle
from Lychfield to Couentry xx. myle, & so to London, as in the way of Couentry appeareth.

¶ From S. Dauids to Glocester, & so to London.

From S. Dauids to Arford xii.myle
from Arford to Camerden xxiiii.myle
from Camerden to Newton xii.myle
from Newton to Lanbury x.myle
from Lanbury to Brecknock xvi.myle
from Brecknock to Hay x.myle
from Hay to Harford xiiii.myle
from Harford to Ros xi.myle
from Ros to Glocester xii.myle
from Glocester to Cicester xv.myle
from Cicester to Farington xii.myle
from Farington to Abington x.myle
from Abington to Dorchester v.myle
from Dorchester to Henly xii.myle
from Henly to Maydenhead vii.myle
from Maydenhead to Colbroke vii.myle
from Colbroke to Hounslow v.myle
from Hounslow to London x.myle

¶ Frō Carmarthen to Worcester. & so to London.

From Carmarthen to Laundouery xx.myle from

from Launcouery to Welche xiiii.myle
from Welche to Preston xii.myle
from Preston to Worchester xxvi.myle
from Worchester to Euesham xii.myle
from Euesham to Chippingnorton xiii.myle
from Chippingnorton to Islip xii.myle
from Islip to Wickam xx.myle
from Wickam to Beconsfield v.myle
from Beconsfield to Vxbridge vii.myle
from Vxbridge to London xv.myle

¶ From Carnaruan to Chester, and so to Couentry, and so to London.

From Carnaruan to Conway xxiiii.myle
from Conway to Denbigh xi.myle
from Denbigh to Flint xii.myle
from Flint to Chester v.myle
from Chester to Wiche xv.myle
from Wiche to Stone xv.myle
from Stone to Lychfield xvi.myle
from Lychfield to Colesyl xii.myle
from Colesyl to Couentry viii.myle
from Couentry to Deintry xiiii.myle
from Deintry to Towcester x.myle
from Towcester to Stonystratford vi.myle
from Stonystratford to Brickhill vii.myle
from Brickhill to Dunstable vii.myle
from Dunstable to S. Albones x.myle
from S. Albones to Barnet x.myle
from Barnet to London x.myle

¶ From S. Burien in Cornwall to Excester.

From S. Burien to the Mount x.myle
from the Mount to Truro xii.myle

from

from Truro to Bodmin xii.myle
from Bodmin to Launstone xx.myle
from Launstone to Okhampton xv.myle
from Okhampton to Crockhornewell x.myle
from Crockhornewell to Excester x.myle

¶ From Excester to Salisbury, & so to London.

From Excester to Honiton xii.myle
from Honiton to Charde x.myle
from Charde to Crockhorne vi.myle
from Crockhorne to Sherborne x.myle
from Sherborne to Shaftsbury xii.myle
from Shaftsbury to Salisbury xviii.myle
from Salisbury to Andeuer xv.myle
from Andeuer to Basing stocke xvi.myle
from Basing stocke to Hartlerow viii.myle
from Hartlerow to Bagshot viii.myle
from Bagshot to Staines viii.myle
from Staines to London xv.myle

¶ From Bristow to London.

From Bristow to Barkfield v.myle
from Barkfield to Chypnam x.myle
from Chypnam to Barleborow xv.myle
from Barleborow to Hungerford vii.myle
from Hungerford to Newbery viii.myle
from Newbery to Reading xv.myle
from Reading to Maidenhead x.myle
from Maidenhead to Colbrooke viii.myle
from Colbrooke to London xv.myle

¶ From Lincolne to London.

From Lincolne to Ancaster
from Ancaster to Bitfield
from Bitfield to Stamford

from

from Stamford to Stilton, as it is in York way.

¶ From Nottingham to Leicester, & so to London.

From Nottingham to Lugborough viii. myle
from Lugborough to Leicester viii. myle
from Leicester to Harborough xii. myle
from Harborough to Northampton xii. myle
from Northampton to Stony Stratford x. myle
& so to London, as in ỳ way of Couentry appeareth.

¶ From Bolton to London.

From Bolton to Bourne xxii. myle
from Bourne to Stilton xviii. myle
and so to London, as in Yorke way.

¶ From Cambridge to London.

From Cambridge to Barkway, from Barkway to Puckrich, frō Puckrich to Ware, in all xxv. myle
from Ware to Waltam viii. myle
from Waltam to London xii. myle

¶ From Oxford to London.

From Oxford to Wheatlebridge v. myle
from Wheatlebridge to Tetlwoorth v. myle
from Tetlwoorth to Stokenchurch v. myle
from Stokenchurch to Vxbridge xvii. myle
from Vxbridge to London xv. myle

¶ From Douer to London.

From Douer to Canterbury xii. myle
from Canterbury to Sittingburne xii. myle
from Sittingburne to Rochester viii. myle
from Rochester to Grauesend v. myle
from Grausend to Datford vi. myle
from Datford to London xii. myle

¶ From Rye to London.

From Rye to Plymwall xv. myle

from

from Plymwall to Tunbridge xi. myle
from Tunbridge to Chepstow viii. myle
from Chepstow to London xv. myle

¶ From Yarmouth to Ipswich, and so to Colchester, and so to London.

From Yarmouth to Lestoffe vi. myle
from Lestoffe to Blibur x. myle
from Blibur to Snapbridge viii. myle
from Snapbridge to Woodbridge viii. myle
from Woodbridge to Ipswich v. myle
from Ipswich to Colchester xii. myle
from Colchester to Esterfeeld xiii. myle
from Esterfeeld to Chelmsford x. myle
from Chelmsford to Brentwood x. myle
from Brentwood to London xv. myle

¶ From Walsingham to London.

From Walsingham to Pecknam xii. myle
from Pecknam to Brandon Ferry xv. myle
from Brandon Ferry to New market xiiii. myle
from New market to Witford bridge x. myle
from Witford bridge to Barkway x. myle
from Barkway to Ware xii. myle
from Ware to Waltam viii. myle
from Waltam to London xii. myle

¶ From Yarmouth to Norwich, & so to London.

From Yarmouth to Ockell viii. myle
from Ockell to Norwich viii. myle
from Norwich to Windam, from Windam to Acleybrough, alias Atilborough, x. myle
from Atilborough to Thetford x. myle
from Thetford to Icklingham sands vi. myle
from Icklingham sands to New market, x. myle,
and so to London, as in Walsingham way.

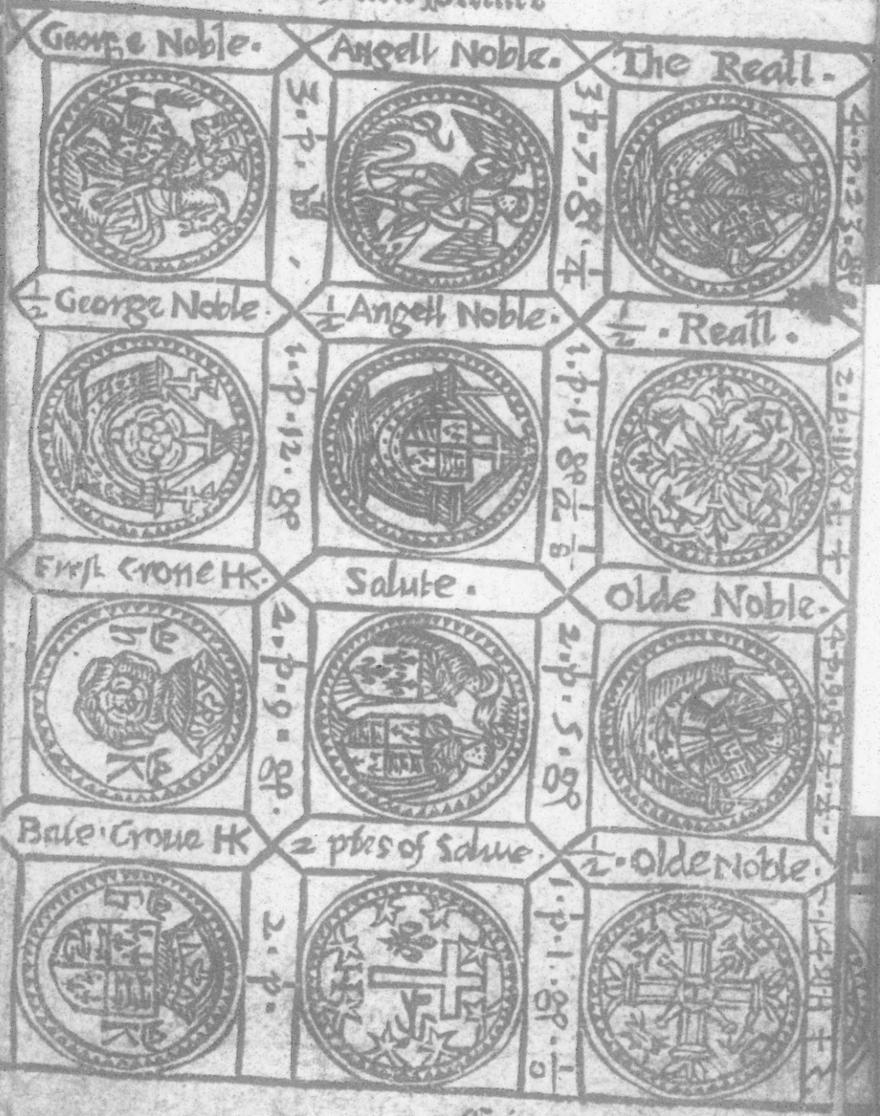
A Table of the fineneſſe of Gold.

The difference of	Angell Gold.	French crown G.	Souerain Gold.
A pound weight.	36.li.	33.li.	30.li.
An Dnnce.	3.li.	55.s.	50.s.
The haike ounce.	30.s.	27.s.6.D.	25.s.
Quart.of an ounce.	15.s.	13.s.9.D.	12.s.6.D.
Halke quarter of an Dunce.	7.s.6.D.	6.s.10.D.$\frac{1}{2}$	6.s.3.D.
Farthing Gold weight.	3.s.9.D.	3.s.5.D.$\frac{1}{4}$	3.s.1.D.$\frac{1}{2}$
Penny weight.	3.s.	2.s.9.D.	2.s.6.D.
A Graine.	1.D.$\frac{1}{2}$	1.D.$\frac{1}{4}$.$\frac{1}{8}$	1.D.$\frac{1}{4}$.

A Brieke Table of the value of Gold, what it is woꝛth from the graine to the pound, whereby you may know the value of any peece of ſtrange Gold which may come to your hands, knowing the weight & fineneſſe: as Angell Gold, the penny weight is 3.s. French crowne Gold, 2.s.9.D. Soneratgne Gold, 2.s.6.D. and all other peeces, moꝛe oꝛ leſſe weight, this Table doth direct.

IT is to be underſtood (gentle Reader) that whereas the weight is called by ẏ name of a penny, it is not meant a penny of ſilner Money, but a penny of Goldſmiths weight, which is made by ẏ weight of 24. Barly graines dꝛy, and taken out of the midſt of the eare: ſo 20. of theſe penny weights make an ounce, & 12. ounces make a pound Troy.

The firſt Picture



The seconde Picture.

Elizabeth · Sonn · iiij
3 · p · 1 · 14 · gr.

Edwards Sonnayns ·
3 · p · 1 · 14 · gr

Great · Soueraigne
3 · p · 1 · 14 · gr

Elizabeth · Crone ·
1 · p · 19 · gr

Soueraigne · of · KE
3 · p · 14 · gr.

Sonn · of of HK
3 · p · 14 · gr.

Frenche · Noble ·
4 · p · 16 · gr.

Kinge · Edwarde ·
3 · p · 14 · gr.

Soueraigne · of · HK
3 · p · 14 · gr.

Vncorne Scotland
2 · p · 10 · gr

Scotish · Crone
2 · p · 10 · gr

The third Picture.

Flanders · Croun
1 · p · 5 · gr.

Frenche · croune
2 · p · 5 · gr · 1 ·

Frenche Croun
2 · p · 5 · gr · 1 ·

Flanders Croun
2 · p · 5 · gr.

Kde · Frenche · croun
2 · p · 1 · gr.

Frenche · Croune
2 · p · 1 · gr.

Portegll ·
1 · gr · 2 · p · 14 · gr.

Flanders · Ridder ·
2 · p · 6 · gr · 1 ·

Frenche · Croun
2 · p · 6 · gr · 1 ·

Portegll ·
1 · gr · 2 · p · 18 · gr

Gelders · Rid
2 · p · 2 · gr.

Frenche Croun
2 · p · 2 · gr.

The fifte Picture.

A description of England, Scotland, Wales, and Cornwall; the Commodities of each *Countrey*; *the names of the Shires and Bishopricks*: and lastly, a briefe Collection of all the Kings since the Conquest.

GReat Brittaine is an Iland placed in the Ocean, or maine Sea: Englishmen dwell in the largest part of it, and that is called England; the Scots in Scotland, Welshmen in Wales, and the Cornishmen in Cornewall: all 4. differ in Language, in Lawes, in Conditions.

England is fuller of people then the rest: It is richer, it is fuller of Ciuilitie. It aboundeth in Merchants, in Shipping, in excellent Tradesmen, in Handy-crafts, in Husbandmen, in wealthy Farmers. It hath Mynes of Tinne, Lead, Iron, Steele, Copper, Brasse, nay of Gold and Siluer. It hath Pearle, pretious Stones, Crystall, Adamants, Diamonds, and white Corrall. It hath Quarries of Stone, for Building, all sorts of Marble, Alablaster, Touch-stone, and free-Stone. It can boast of Quicksiluer, Sulphure, blacke Lead, Allome, Orpiment (red and yellow) Vermilion, Copperas, Bitumen, Salt-Peter, and Sal-Sodiak, to make Glasses.

Looke into her Coale-Pits, the World hath not better. Into her Bathes and Springs, what Land hath so good? The rich Commoditie of Saffron is hers. What Trees for shade, for Fruit, for Building, for Shipping? Fresh Riuers glide

along by her Bankes, and in those Riuers abundance of delicate Fish. Her Fields are full of braue Fowles: her Parkes, Forests, and Chases repleniſhed with Deere, red and follow, with Conies, Hares, Horſes, and Beeues, no part of the World hath better. For Sheepe, their Wooll may be talled, Englands golden Fleece, for our Cloth is a Jewell worne by all Nations. And for Corne, Butter, Cheeſe, Leather, and all other Bleſſings, by which people are made happy, England (God be thanked) is crowned with them.

It is diuided into 29. Shires or Counties: the firſt part, bounding toward the South, betweene the Thames and the Sea, hath Kent, Suſſex, Surrey, Southampton, Barkſhire, Wiltſhire, Dorcetſhire, Sommerſetſhire, Deuonſhire, and Cornewall, being tenne. Another part, leaning on the Riuer of Trent, containeth 16. Shires, and this part runneth through the middle of England: thoſe which ſtand Eaſtward, are Eſſex, Middleſex, Hartfordſhire, Suffolke, Norfolke, and Cambridgeſhire: thoſe, more in the midſt, are Bedford, Huntington, Buckingham, Oxford, Northampton, Rutland, Leiceſter, Nottingham, Warwicke, and Lincolne. Six border Eaſtward vpon Wales, & thoſe are, Glocester, Hereford, Worceſter, Shropſhire, Staffordſhire, & Cheſhire. In the middle of the Land, lye Darbyſhire, Yorkſhire, Lancaſhire, & Cumberland: on the Weſt, Weſtmerland: againſt it, are Durham and Northumberland, bounding in the North vpon the Marches of Scotland.

England is diuided into 22. Biſhopricks, as Can-

Canterbury, Rocheſter, London, Chicheſter, Wincheſter, Saliſbury, Exceter, Bath, & Wells, Worceſter, Glocester, Hereford, Couentry, and Lichfield, Lincolne, Ely, Norwich, Oxford, Peterborrow, Briſtow, theſe are vnder the Archbiſhop of Canterbury: then are Yorke, Durham Cheſter, and Carlile, vnder the Archbiſhop of Yorke.

Wales is mountainous, fertile in the vallies, barren in ther vpper grounds. It beginneth at Chepſtow and reacheth to Weſtchester Northward, & is compaſſed with the Sea, except on the South-eaſt part, where the Riuer of Seuern diuideth Wales from England. It hath 4. Biſhopricks, S. Dauids, Landaff, Bangor, and S. Aſaph, all 4. being vnder the Biſhop af Canterbury.

Cornewall is a barren ſoyle, the labour of men teaching the ground to yeeld that, which of it ſelfe it cannot: yet doth it boaſt of Tinne and Lead, and in thoſe, are the inhabitants rich and happy. In the Eaſt, it is in breadth 90. miles: in the Weſt, towards. S. Germanes, 20. miles broad. The Welch and Cornish differ thus much in language, the Cornish men vnderſtands ſome words, but not the full ſtory or tale the Welchman tells.

Tweed diuideth England and Scotland, North: The length of England beginneth in the ſouth, at Portſmouth, & endeth at Tweede, in the North, being 220. miles: Then. from Douer in the Eaſt, to S. Michals Mount in Cornwall, in the Weſt, it is in breadth 300. miles, ſo that the whole Circute or Circumfrence of England, Scotland, Walles, and Cornwall, contayneth 1820. miles.

The

The Reignes of the Kings, since the Conquest.

WIlliam the Conqueror began his reigne the 14. of October, Ann. Do. 1067. and died the 6. of September, in the yeere 1087. & was buried at Cane in Normandy, when he had reigned 20. yeeres, 10. moneths, & 5. dayes.

And in the yeere 1069. was such a dearth, that men did eate Cats, Dogs, and mans flesh.

King William Rufus began his reigne the 6. of September, in the yeere 1087. and died the first of August, in the yere 1100. and was buried at Winchester, when he had reigned 12. yeres, 11. months, lacking 8. dayes.

Henry the first began his reigne the 1. of August, in the yeere 1100. and died the 3. of December, in the yeere 1135. and was buried at Reading, when he had reigned 35. yeeres.

K. Stephen began his reigne the 2. of December, in the yeere 1135. and died the 25. of October, in the yeere 1154. and was buried at Feuersham, when he had reigned 18. yeeres, and 10. moneths.

Henry the second began his reigne the 25. of October, in the yeere 1154. and died the 6. of July, in the yeere 1189. and was buried at Font Euerade, when he had reigned 34. yeeres, 9. moneths, and 12. dayes.

In the yeere 1167. London Bridge was begun of Stone.

Richard the first began his reigne the 6. of July, in the yeere 1189. and died the 6. of Aprill, in the yeere

yeere 1199. and was buried at Font Euerade, when he had reigned 9. yeeres, 9. moneths.

K. John began his reigne the 6. of Aprill, in the yeere 1199. and died the 18. of Octobe , in the yeere 1216. and was buried at Worcester, when he had reigned 17. yeeres, 6. moneths, & odde dayes.

In the yeere 1209. the Stone Bridge ouer the Thames of London was finished.

Henry the third began his reigne the 18. of October, in the yeere 1216. and was buried at Westminster, when he had reigned 56. yeeres.

And this king graunted to the Citizens of London, fr e warrant to hunt a certaine circuit about London: and that the Citizens should passe toll-free all England th row.

Edward the first began his reigne the 16. day of Nouember, in the yeere 1272. & died the 7. day of July, 1307. when hee had reigned 34. yeeres, 8. month s, and odde dayes, and was buried at Westminster.

Edward the second began his reigne the 7. day of July, 1307. and was deposed when he had reigned 19. yeeres, 6. moneths, & odde dayes, and died the yeere 1307. and was buryed at Glocester.

In this Kings reigne, the yeere 1315. was such a dearth and famine, with such mortalitie, that the liuing could not suffice to bury the dead, and horse-flesh and dogs was counted good meate, and the prisoners in prison did plucke and teare in peeces such as came newly into prison, and deuoured them halfe aliue, and men and women were faine to eate their owne children.

Edward

Edward the third began his reigne the 25. of January, 1333 and died the 21. of June, 1377. when he had reigned 44. yeeres, 6. moneths, and was buried at Westminster.

In the yeere 1333 the King besieged the Towne of Barwicke: the Scots minding to dissolue the Siege, the King met them at Bothel, and slew of them 1300 horsemen, & 35000 footmen, and then tooke the Towne, and there placed a Garrison.

In the yeere 1338. King Edward quartered the Armes of England and France, and named himselfe King of France. And in the yeere 1339. the King met with an Armie of Frenchmen by Sea, where he slew of them 3000. men, and tooke 200. Ships, and the rest fled.

In the yeere 1339 the King tooke ship, and sayled to Hogges in Normandy: from thence, went to Caen, and spoiled it, to the bare walles: and then went to Callis, & besieged it: and when the King had a long time besieged it, the French King came to raise the Siege, and when he saw he could not prenaile he fired his Tents, and departed. The Callis men seeing it, yeelded the Towne and Castle, and themselues, to the Kings pleasure.

The same yeere Edward the Kings sonne, nigh to the Citie of Poytiers, ioyned battaile with Iohn the French King, where the Kings sonne wonne a noble victory, and tooke the French King with his sonne, with diuers of his Nobles, prisoners: and ths same yeere the Scotish King, with diuers Earles and Lords, were taken prisoners also by the Englishmen.

Richard

Richard the second began his reigne the 21. day of June, 1377. and was deposed, when he had reigned 22 yeeres, 3. months: and died the 13. of September, In the yeere 1399. and was buried at Westminster.

In the yeere 1381. the making of Gunnes were inuented and found by an Almaine, as some report.

In the yeere 1391. the Commons of Kent and Esser rebelled, hauing Wat Tyler, Jack Straw, Tom Miller, & Hob Carter, with such noble personages, to their Captains, being in number xl M which came to Black Heath, & so neare London, and did much mischeife. The King, to pacifie their furie offered them peace, and sent the Mayor to Wat Tyler their Captaine, to come speake with him, hee answering hee would come at his owns pleasure: yet neuertheless, he followed faire and softly, and came to the King in Smithfield, who tarryed his comming: then the King commanded the Mayor to arrest the Rebell: which Mayor being a man of sufficient courage and boldnesse, straightway arrested the Rebell on the head, in such sort, that he astonied him: then they which attended on the King, slew him forthwith: by reason whereof, the lewd companie were dispersed. and Jack Straw being taken, lost his head.

Henry the fourth began his reigne the 28 day of September, in the yeere 1399. and died the 20. day of March, in the yeere 1412. when he had reigned 23. yeeres, 6 moneths, and was buried at Canterbury.

Henry

Henry the fift began his reigne the 20. day of March 1412. and dyed the 31. of August, in the yeere 1422. when hee had reigned 9. yeeres, 5. months, and was buried at Windsor.

In the yeere 1415. the King entred the seas with 1000. sayle of ships, and arriued in Normandy, and then went and besieged Harflew, which was yeelded vnto him: they fought ỳ battaile of Adgine Court, where by the meanes of his Bow-men hee slew the most of the Nobilitie of France, and had a maruellous victory, and was made Regent of France, and won many townes, as Roane, which he besieged sixe monthes long: and there died in the towne for want of victuals, aboue 30000.

Henry the first began his reigne the 31. day of August, 1422. & in the yeere 1460. he was driuen out of his kingdome, whē he had reigned 38. yeres, six months, and odde dayes: and in the yere 1465. he was committed to the Tower, and in the yeere 1470. he was murthered, and was buryed at Windsor.

In the yeere 1432. King Henry the sixt, King of England, was crowned King of France, at Paris.

In the yeere 1450. the Commons of Kent rebelled, hauing to their Captaine, Jack Cade: against whom, the King sent an Army, which the Rebels ouerthrew. After this victory, the Rebell came to London, entred the Citie, and smote his Sword vpon London Stone, saying, Now is Mortimer Lord of this Citie. The Mayor & Citizens perceiuing themselues neither sure of life or goods, sent to

to the Tower, vnto the Lord Scales, for ayde: who promising them ayde, by shooting off the great Ordnance, then the Captaines of the Citie tooke the draw-bridge in the night, prohibiting the Rebels to passe the bridge into the Citie: the Rebels hearing the bridge to be kept, ranne with great furie to open the passage, where betweene both parts was a sharpe and fierce encounter: in fine, the Rebels got the draw-bridge. This conflict indured till nine of the clocke in the morning in doubtfull manner, so that both parties agreed to desist from fight till the nert day, vpon condition, that neither Kentishmen should ente" the Citie, nor Citizens should passe into Southwarke. Then the Archbishop of Canterbury, with others, entred Southwarke, where they shewed the Kings generall pardon for all offenders: whereupon the multitude retyred home, the Captaine fled into the Wilde of Susser, and was there slaine.

In the yeere 1453. the Duke of Yorke, and other of the Lords, gaue the King battaile at Saint Albones, where the King was taken of the Duke, and by a Parliament was made Protector of the Realme: and in 1455. the Duke was discharged of his Protectorship, which caused a new grudge.

In the yeere 1456. the Duke, with other Lords, gaue the King a battaile at North-hampton, and in the end discomfited the Kings power, and tooke the King in the field. The Duke of Yorke made such a clayme to the Crowne, that by consent of a Parliament, he was proclaimed heire apparant, and his progenie after him.

But

But the Queene gathering a power, set vpon the Duke at Wakefield, where the Duke was slaine. And in like manner, the Queene, with her power, discomfited the Earle of Warwick nere to S. Albones, and set at liberty the King.

In the yeere 1459. the noble Science of Printing of Bookes, was found at Maguntce in Germany, by John Cuttingburge, and first brought into England by one William Caxtone, a Mercer of London, and there put in vse.

Edward, Earle of March, eldest sonne to the Duke of Yorke, with the Earles of Warwick and Salisbury, came to London with a strong power, and was proclaimed King, By the name of Edward the fourth, King Henry vnderstanding that the Earle of March was comming towards him, he, with the Queene, fled into the North.

Edward the fourth began his reigne the 4. day of March, in the yeere 1460. & died the 9. of April, in the yeere 1483. when he had reigned 22. yeeres, 2. months, odde dayes, and was buried at Windsor.

In the yeere 1461. the 16. of March, was fought a great battaile betweene K. Edward the fourth and Henry the sixt power, neere Tadchester, in the North, where was slaine on both parties, 15711. persons, but King Edward got the field, and King Henry, with his wife and sonne, with the Duke of Somerset & Exceter, & others, fled into Scotland.

In the yere 1464. King Henry came out of Scotland with a great power: the Lord Mountacute with a great power met them, and enclosed them round, at Exam, where King Henries power was

ouer-

At the same time in Bedfordshire fell hayle-stones 18. inches about.

Henry the eight began his reigne the 22. day of April, in the yeere 1509. and died the 24. of January, in the yeere 1546. when he had reigned 37. yeeres, 9. months, and odde dayes, and was buryed at Windsor.

In the yeere 1513. in the 5. yeere of the Kings reigne, the King entred into France, & conquered Terwin and Torney. And the same time, the Queene, with the Earle of Surrey, ouerthrew the Scottish army at Blamston, called Flodden field, where the Scottish King was slaine, with diuers of his Nobility, and 18000. men, and tooke all his furniture for the Warres.

In the yeere 1517. the ninth yeere of the Kings reigne, was an Insurrection made by certaine Prentices of London against strangers: and it was called, Euill May-day.

And in the yeere 1528. was a sweating sickenesse, and especially in London: and the same yeere, William Tyndale translated the Testament first into English.

In the yeere 1529. Charles the fift came into England, and was most honorably receiued.

In the yeere 1530. and 22. yeere of his reigne, by meanes of delay made by the Pope, touching the Kings Diuorce, he made proclamation, forbidding any to sue to the Court of Rome.

In the yeere 1531. the Clergy acknowledged the King to be supreme Head ouer the Church of England & Ireland, and gaue the King a C. M. pound

for pardon of their offences: and the yeere 1533. the King was clearely diuorced from Queene Katherine, & married to the Lady Anne Bollyn, who was crowned Queene at Whitsuntide: and the 7. of September following, she was deliuered of the Lady Elizabeth at Greenwich.

In the yeere 1534. and the 26. yeere of the Kings reigne, was the whole authoritie of the Bishop of Rome by Parliament vterly banished.

In the yeere 1536. by act of Parliament all houses of Religion, in England and Wales, were suppressed, and giuen to the King and his heires.

In the yeere 1539. and in the 28. yeere of the Kings reigne, the Commons of Lincolnshire made an Insurrection for Religion, and gathered nigh 20000. persons: against those, the King sent the Duke of Suffolke, with a strong power: which the Rebels hearing, desired pardon, brake vp their army, and departed, but their Captaines were apprehended and executed. The Lincolnshire men being pacified, within fiue dayes after began another Insurrection in Yorkshire, for the same cause, the people being gathered together to the number of 40000. against whom, the King sent the Dukes of Norfolke and Suffolke, with others, whereas a battaile was appointed to be fought on Simon and Judes day: but the same night fell such a great raine, that the two Armies could not meet: whereupon the Rebels desired the Dukes to sue for their pardon to the King, that they might depart: which the Dukes not onely promised, but performed. Also their Captaine was not only pardoned, but rewarded

ded with diuers gifts: which he enioyed a small time, for shortly after, he with diuers of his complices, had their demerites, and were executed.

In the yere 1540. the 9. of July, the Lord Cromwell was beheaded.

In the yeere 1544. Sir John Dudley, high Admirall of England, with a Fleet of 300. sayle entred Scotland, and went & spoyled Lieth: and the next day went to Edenborow, and beat the Scots from their Ordnance, and came away with such riches as they thought had not beene in any Towne in Scotland, & then fired the houses in the Towne, which burned three dayes.

And at Whitsontide after, the Duke of Norfolke, with others, with an Army entred France, and besieged Mutterell: and in July following, the King with an Army passed into France, and encamped on the North side of Bullen, and the Duke of Suffolke on the South-east side: & after a moneth siege, the Townes-men sent the King word, they would surrender the Towne, with condition, to depart with bag & baggage: which was graunted, and the King returned with honor. And at the same time, the Kings ships tooke 300. sayle of French ships, which were laden with Wine and Salt-fish.

Edward the first began his reigne the 28. day of January, 1546. and died the 6. of July, 1553. when he had reigned 6. yeeres, 5. months, and odde dayes, and was buried at Westminster.

In the yeere 1549. the Lord Protector and the Earle of Warwicke, with an Army, were sent to Scotland, and neere to Edenborow, at a place

called Moskelborow, the Englishmen and Scots met, in September, where the Englishmen obtayned a notable victory, and slew of the Scots aboue 13000. and tooke aboue 1500. prisoners, and not 40. Englishmen slaine.

And in this yeere, the Images in Churches were taken downe, for the auoiding of Idolatry: and the same yeere, the English Seruice was first sayd in English.

In the yeere 1551. in July, the sweating sickenesse began at London, which was so terrible, that people being in perfect health, were dead in 24. houres or lesse.

On the 22. of January following, Edward Duke of Somerset was beheaded.

In the yere 1553. King Edward died, and by his Will bequeathed the Crowne of his Realme vnto the Lady Jane Grey, the Duke of Suffolke his daughter: but she enioyed the Legacie not long, but thereof grew much trouble: for at last Lady Mary, eldest daughter to King Henry the eight, possessed the same, which of right appertained vnto her.

Queene Mary began her reigne the 6. day of July, in the yeere 1553. and died the 12. day of November, 1558. when she had reigned 5. yeeres, 4. months, and 11. dayes, and was buried at Westminster.

In this yeere, the Religion that was in King Edwards dayes began to be new altered, and the olde Bishops to be restored againe.

And the same yere was concluded a marriage betweene Queene Mary & Philip King of Spaine.

The next yeere following it was solemnized, on Saint James day.

The same yeere Sir Thomas Wiat, with other Gentlemen, assembled an army in Kent.

In the yeere 1557. went an army of Englishmen ouer into Flanders, vnto the ayde of King Philip, against the Frenchmen of S. Quintaines, which after their comming, was soone wonne, but in the end it was the losse of Callis.

And in this yeere was a great persecution and cruelty, with burning of men, women, and children, to the great sorrow of many that liued vnder that cruell Gouernment.

In the same yeere 1557. was Callis lost.

Queene Elizabeth began her reigne the 17. of Nouember, 1558. to the great ioy & comfort of all Christian hearts, & died the 24. of March, 1602. when she had reigned 44. yeeres, 5. months, & odde dayes, and lyeth buried at Westminster.

This yeere the Queene restored againe the Gospell, which was in the time of King Edward, with the Booke of Common Prayer, & administration of the Sacraments, in English.

And the yeere 1559. the Duke of Guise made a great attempt, by landing certaine Crues of souldiers in Scotland, but by the wisedome of the Queene and Councell, his lewd pollicie was preuented, and Scotland auoided of those Crues.

This yeere also the Queene finding the Realme marueilously dis-furnished with Armor, made such noble prouision thereof, that it was great terror to the enemies, & strength & comfort to this Realme.

And in the yere 1561. the 4. of June, the Steeple of Saint Pauls Church in London was set on fire by Lightning, which began in the top of the Steeple, and burnt downewards, and so consumed the Steeple, and the 4. great Roofes, which were couered with Lead, in lesse then 4. houres.

In the yere 1561. the Towne of New-hauen was deliuered into the hands of the Queenes power, but by reason of the Plague, which was so sore amongst them that kept it, they were forced to yeeld it againe, vpon certaine conditions.

In the yeere 1563. after the comming from New-hauen, the Plague reigned in England, but especially in London, that in lesse then in one yeare, there died in London and the suburbes about 20000. of the Plague, by reason whereof, Hillary Terme was kept at Hertford Castle, beside Ware, where was single cheare with double cost, and worse lodging with no lesse charge.

In the yeere 1564. the Thames of London was frosen so hard, that thousands of people went on the Ise, and some playd at Foot-ball, and some shot at Pricks, as boldly as if they had bin in the fields: which great Ise was consumed in lesse then three dayes, after it began to thawe: which suddaine thawe caused flouds and high waters, which drowned many people, and bare downe many Houses and Bridges, and especially Dwse Bridge, in Yorke Shire.

In the yeere 1569. certaine houses in Cornhill in London were pulled downe, & the ground made plaine: then was the Borse begun to be builded, and

and the yeere following it was finished: and afterwards by the Queenes Maiesty, in the yere 1570. it was named the Royall Exchange.

In the yeere 1569. the Earles of Northumberland and Westmerland began a Rebellion in the North: but shortly after, perceiuing the Queenes power to come against them, they fled into Scotland, but the Queenes power followed, and slew and tooke many, and executed them.

In the yeere 1572. Thomas Howard, Duke of Norfolke, was beheaded the second of June, at the Tower Hill.

In the yeere 1573. the 26. of September, a Poulters Wife in London was deliuered of foure Children at one time, all Maiden Children, which were all carryed to Church at once to be baptized, being all aliue, and in good liking.

The same yeere 1573. on the 9. of February, one Anne Aueries, a widow in London, hauing bought 6. pound of Towe in a Flax-shop, went away and did not pay for it: the seruant seeing she was gone without paying for it, went after, and demaunded her money for it: she forswearing her selfe, with cursing and oathes, immediately fell downe speechlesse, and vomited that vpwards, that shee should haue voyded downewards, with an horrible stinke, hauing the money in her hands, that should haue payd for it.

In the yeere 1577. the 4, 5, and 6. dayes of July, was an Assise holden at Oxford, where was arraigned one Rowland Jenkens, for seditious words: at which time, there arose such a suddaine

dampe

dampe amongſt the people there, that cauſed ſuch a ſickneſſe, that few that were there eſcaped: the Iurors died preſently, and ſhortly after the Iudges of the Bench died alſo. There died in Oxford 300. perſons, and there ſickned 200. and odde, but dies in other places. It began the 6. of July, and ended the 9. of Auguſt, after which day died not one of that ſickneſſe, nor one infected not the other: there died not one woman or child of that diſeaſe.

In the yeere 1578. Iohn Caſſemere, Count Palatine, came into the Realme, and was honorably receiued.

This yere alſo was ſuch a great Snow, that many people and cattell were drowned therewith.

In the yeere 1579. the 6. of Aprill was ſuch an Earthquake in the moſt part of England, eſpecially towards the South part, which ſhooke many Caſtles, Churches, and Houſes, in ſuch ſort, that it cauſed ſuch an amazednes amongſt the people, that the moſt part thought the World was at an end.

The ſame yeere, in Aprill, certaine Spaniards entred Ireland (to the ayde of Deſmond) who built a ſtrong fort, and victualled it for 6. moneths with Armor and other munition, for 2000. men: which by the diligence of the Lord Gray (then Deputie for the Queene) were ſhortly ouerthrowne and put to the ſword, ouely ſome few of the chiefe put to ranſome.

In the yeere 1581. in Aprill, Mounſieur Duke of Anion, brother to the French King, and diuers Nobles of France, came to England, and were honorably receiued: and in Febuary following, hee went

went ouer into Flanders, and there was created Duke of Brabant.

In the yeere 1585. in July, certaine ſouldiers went out of England to Holland, to their ayde againſt the Spaniards, and in December following the Earle of Leiceſter, with diuers others of account with him: he was made Lieutenant Generall of the Low Countries.

This yeere, in June, Henry Perry Earle of Northumberland, murthered himſelfe in the Tower.

The ſame yeere, in September, Sir Francis Drake, with diuers other valiant Captaines, ſet forwards towards the confines of Spaine, where they did moſt braue ſeruice againſt the Spaniards, as at Carthagena, and bringing from thence all the Spaniſh Ordnance, with other riches.

In the yeere 1585. in July, M. Thomas Candiſh tooke his Voyage to compaſſe the World, paſſing through the ſtraits of Magellanus, & returning by the Cape Bona Speranza, returned in 2. yeeres, and leſſe then 2. months, which was the 9. of September.

This yeere, in July, Babington with his Complices were taken, and in September following were executed.

Mary, Queene of Scots, was beheaded in the Caſtle of Fodderinghaye: and in the firſt of Auguſt, 1587. was, as appertained to a Queene, moſt royally buried at Peterborow.

In the yeere 1588. was the great Spaniſh Armado, by the goodneſſe of God, ouerthrowne and diſperſed.

In the yeere 1596. Englishmen sayled to Spaine (Charles Earle of Nottingham, Lord Admirall, and Robert Earle of Esser, being Generals) and wonne the Towne of Callis, burnt it, and returned with great spoyles, and prisoners.

In the yeere 1600. the 5. of August, King James was delinered from the Treason of the Gowries, in Scotland.

The same yeere, the 25. of February, being Ashwednesday, was Robert Earle of Essex beheaded on the Greene in the Tower.

King James began his reigne the 24. of March, 1602. & died the 27. of March, 1625. when hé had reigned 23. yeeres, & lieth buried at Westminster.

In the yeere 1603. there died in & about London of all diseases 38244. whereof the plague 30578.

In the yeere 1605. the 5. of Nouember, was discouered the horrible Treason of the Papists, of blowing vp ý Parliament-house by Gun-powder, at a full assembly of the King, Nobles, Bishops, & Commons: the said day being by Act of Parliament for euer appointed to be kept holy-day, to giue thankes to God for so great a delinerance.

In the yeere 1606. the 17. of July, Christiannus King of Denmarke arriued in England, and returned againe the 10. of August after.

In the yeere 1607. the Earle of Tyrone, Terconnell, and others, fled out of Ireland.

The same Winter, the Riuer of Thames was frozen ouer, that there was common passage ouer.

The 10. of March after, Algate began to be new builded.

In

In the yere 1609. there was a Colony established in Virginia.

This yeere began the Plantation of the North of Ireland, by the Citizens of London.

In the yeere 1610. the 4. of May, the French King, Henry the fourth, was murthered in Paris, in his Coach.

In the same yeere, the 30. of May, Prince Henry was created Prince of Wales: and at ý same time were made 25. Knights of the Bath. This Prince died at his Court of S. James, the 6. of Nouember, 1612. and lyeth buried at Westminster.

In the yeere 1612. Mary Queene of Scots was translated from Peterborow to Westminster, and there buried, and a Royall Tombe erected ouer her by King James, her sonne.

In the yeere 1613. the 14. of February, the Palsgraue and the Lady Elizabeth, daughter to King James, were marryed.

This yeere, the 26. of June, John Vichel, a Carpenter in Christs Church in Hampshire, being in bed with his wife and child, was killed by Lightning, and they safe.

In the yeere 1614. the 15. of June, Henry Earle of Northampton, Chancelor of Cambridge, dyed at his house by Charing-Crosse, & by his owne appointment, lyes buried in the Chappell at Douer.

This yeere, the K. of Denmarke came the second time into England, very priuately.

In the yeere 1623. Prince Charles, after his dangerous Voyage into Spaine, returned happily into England.

In the yeere 1625. the 27. of March, our Soue-
raigne Lord, King Charles, began his reigne: since
that time, being happily married to the faire Prin-
cesse of Fraunce (Henretta Maria) now his Queene:
vpon both whose royall heads, God we beseech thee
to powre infinite blessings. Amen.

AFter this short Chronicle of our Kings
Reignes, what Glories can wee (for rare
Buildings) boast of greater, then those of
our two Universities?

To begin with Cambridge.

PEter-House, made a Colledge by Hugh Balsome,
sometimes Sub-Prior of Ely, and afterwards
Bishop.

Clare Hall, founded by Eliz. Lady of Clare, sister
to Gilbert de Clare, Earle of Gloster.

Pembroke Hall, founded by Mary of Valencia,
wife to Adomate de Valencia, Earl of Pembroke.

Corpus Christi Colledge, honored by that name
from Henry Earle of Darby, and Duke of Lanca-
ster, in Edward the thirds time.

Trinitie Hall, built by John Bateman, Bishop of
Norwich.

Gunuile and Caius Colledge, erected by Edmund
Gunuile, Parson of Terington in Norwich, and
John Caius, Doctor in Physick.

Kings Colledge, built by H.6. H.7. and H.8. made
(for the rare Chappell) the wonder of the World.

Queenes Colledge, begun by Margaret, Wife to
H.6. finished by Eliz. Wife to Ed.4.

Katherine

7 6 1 0 6 9 7 6 4 5 2 7 3 7 - 1 0

BLANK LEAVES FOLLOW

130